810-5-9-.02 <u>Base Jurisdiction Determination for Applicants Under the International Fuel Tax Agreement and Qualified Motor Vehicle Defined.</u> (**REPEALED**)

- (1) "Base Jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction where qualified motor vehicles are based for vehicle registration purposes.
- (2) In determining if the base jurisdiction for IFTA credentialing purposes is Alabama, an applicant must be able to provide an affirmative answer to the following questions:
 - (a) Does the carrier have an established place of business in Alabama?
- (b) Are operational control and operational records maintained in Alabama for the qualified motor vehicles?
- (c) In what jurisdiction is the applicant's qualified motor vehicle(s)registered under the International Registration Plan?
- (3) In order for Alabama to be designated as the base jurisdiction, there must be accrued travel in Alabama by "qualified motor vehicles."
- (4) Article II, Section 245 of the <u>International Fuel Tax Agreement</u> defines the term "Qualified Motor Vehicle" as "a motor vehicle used, designed, or maintained for transportation of persons or property" and:
- (a) Having two axles and a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle weight exceeding 26,000 pounds or 11,797 kilograms; or
 - (b) Having three or more axles regardless of weight; or
- (c) Is used in combination, when the weight of such combination exceeds 26,000 pounds or 11,797 kilograms gross vehicle or registered vehicle weight.

"Qualified Motor Vehicle does not include recreational vehicles."

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Authority: Sections 40-2A-7(a)(5) and 40-17-271(c), Code of Alabama 1975

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